

MCA Driver Programming Interface

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Chapter 1. Introduction

The MCA bus functions provide a generalised interface to find MCA bus cards, to claim them for a driver, and to read and manipulate POS registers without being aware of the motherboard internals or certain deep magic specific to onboard devices.

The basic interface to the MCA bus devices is the slot. Each slot is numbered and virtual slot numbers are assigned to the internal devices. Using a `pci_dev` as other busses do does not really make sense in the MCA context as the MCA bus resources require card specific interpretation.

Finally the MCA bus functions provide a parallel set of DMA functions mimicing the ISA bus DMA functions as closely as possible, although also supporting the additional DMA functionality on the MCA bus controllers.

Chapter 2. Known Bugs And Assumptions

None.

Chapter 3. Public Functions Provided

mca_find_adapter

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_find_adapter` — scan for adapters

Synopsis

```
int mca_find_adapter (int id, int start);
```

Arguments

id

MCA identification to search for

start

starting slot

Description

Search the MCA configuration for adapters matching the 16bit ID given. The first time it should be called with *start* as zero and then further calls made passing the return value of the previous call until `MCA_NOTFOUND` is returned.

Disabled adapters are not reported.

mca_find_unused_adapter

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_find_unused_adapter` — scan for unused adapters

Synopsis

```
int mca_find_unused_adapter (int id, int start);
```

Arguments

id

MCA identification to search for

start

starting slot

Description

Search the MCA configuration for adapters matching the 16bit ID given. The first time it should be called with *start* as zero and then further calls made passing the return value of the previous call until `MCA_NOTFOUND` is returned.

Adapters that have been claimed by drivers and those that are disabled are not reported. This function thus allows a driver to scan for further cards when some may already be driven.

mca_read_stored_pos

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_read_stored_pos` — read POS register from boot data

Synopsis

```
unsigned char mca_read_stored_pos (int slot, int reg);
```

Arguments

slot

slot number to read from

reg

register to read from

Description

Fetch a POS value that was stored at boot time by the kernel when it scanned the MCA space. The register value is returned. Missing or invalid registers report 0.

mca_read_pos

LINUX

Name

`mca_read_pos` — read POS register from card

Synopsis

```
unsigned char mca_read_pos (int slot, int reg);
```

Arguments

slot

slot number to read from

reg

register to read from

Description

Fetch a POS value directly from the hardware to obtain the current value. This is much slower than `mca_read_stored_pos` and may not be invoked from interrupt context. It handles the deep magic required for onboard devices transparently.

`mca_write_pos`

LINUX

Name

`mca_write_pos` — read POS register from card

Synopsis

```
void mca_write_pos (int slot, int reg, unsigned char byte);
```

Arguments

slot

slot number to read from

reg

register to read from

byte

byte to write to the POS registers

Description

Store a POS value directly from the hardware. You should not normally need to use this function and should have a very good knowledge of MCA bus before you do so. Doing this wrongly can damage the hardware.

This function may not be used from interrupt context.

Note that this is technically a Bad Thing, as IBM tech stuff says you should only set POS values through their utilities. However, some devices such as the 3c523 recommend that you write back some data to make sure the configuration is consistent. I'd say that IBM is right, but I like my drivers to work.

This function can't do checks to see if multiple devices end up with the same resources, so you might see magic smoke if someone screws up.

mca_set_adapter_name

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_set_adapter_name` — Set the description of the card

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_adapter_name (int slot, char * name);
```

Arguments

slot

slot to name

name

text string for the namen

Description

This function sets the name reported via /proc for this adapter slot. This is for user information only. Setting a name deletes any previous name.

mca_mark_as_used

LINUX

Name

`mca_mark_as_used` — claim an MCA device

Synopsis

```
int mca_mark_as_used (int slot);
```

Arguments

slot

slot to claim

FIXME

should we make this threadsafe

Claim an MCA slot for a device driver. If the slot is already taken the function returns 1, if it is not taken it is claimed and 0 is returned.

mca_mark_as_unused

LINUX

Name

`mca_mark_as_unused` — release an MCA device

Synopsis

```
void mca_mark_as_unused (int slot);
```

Arguments

slot

slot to claim

Description

Release the slot for other drives to use.

Chapter 4. DMA Functions Provided

mca_enable_dma

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_enable_dma` — channel to enable DMA on

Synopsis

```
void mca_enable_dma (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

Enable the MCA bus DMA on a channel. This can be called from IRQ context.

mca_disable_dma

LINUX

Name

`mca_disable_dma` — channel to disable DMA on

Synopsis

```
void mca_disable_dma (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

Enable the MCA bus DMA on a channel. This can be called from IRQ context.

mca_set_dma_addr

LINUX

Name

`mca_set_dma_addr` — load a 24bit DMA address

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_addr (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int a);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

a

24bit bus address

Description

Load the address register in the DMA controller. This has a 24bit limitation (16Mb).

mca_get_dma_addr

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

mca_get_dma_addr — load a 24bit DMA address

Synopsis

```
unsigned int mca_get_dma_addr (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dma_nr

DMA channel

Description

Read the address register in the DMA controller. This has a 24bit limitation (16Mb).
The return is a bus address.

mca_set_dma_count

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_set_dma_count` — load a 16bit transfer count

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_count (unsigned int dma_nr, unsigned int  
count);
```

Arguments

dma_nr

DMA channel

count

count

Description

Set the DMA count for this channel. This can be up to 64Kbytes. Setting a count of zero will not do what you expect.

mca_get_dma_residue

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_get_dma_residue` — get the remaining bytes to transfer

Synopsis

```
unsigned int mca_get_dma_residue (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

This function returns the number of bytes left to transfer on this DMA channel.

mca_set_dma_io

LINUX

Kernel Hackers Manual June 2014

Name

`mca_set_dma_io` — set the port for an I/O transfer

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_io (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int  
io_addr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

io_addr

an I/O port number

Description

Unlike the ISA bus DMA controllers the DMA on MCA bus can transfer with an I/O port target.

mca_set_dma_mode

LINUX

Name

`mca_set_dma_mode` — set the DMA mode

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_mode (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int mode);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

mode

mode to set

Description

The DMA controller supports several modes. The mode values you can set are-

`MCA_DMA_MODE_READ` when reading from the DMA device.

`MCA_DMA_MODE_WRITE` to writing to the DMA device.

`MCA_DMA_MODE_IO` to do DMA to or from an I/O port.

`MCA_DMA_MODE_16` to do 16bit transfers.

